

**LOUISIANA
JUVENILE JUSTICE
AND
DELINQUENCY PREVENTION
ADVISORY BOARD**

2003 ANNUAL REPORT



**Submitted to:
Governor Kathleen Babineaux-Blanco
& the Louisiana Legislature**

**The Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration on Criminal Justice
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AND
DELINQUENCY PREVENTION
ADVISORY BOARD**

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The Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (JJDP) Advisory Board serves as the state advisory group to the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP). The Board provides assurances to OJJDP that Louisiana is meeting the standards outlined in the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act. The Louisiana JJDP Advisory Board consists of members appointed by the Governor. Board members serve in a voluntary capacity. As required by the Act, the JJDP Advisory Board membership is diverse. It includes representatives from both the public and private sector. Membership throughout Louisiana includes juvenile justice professionals, concerned citizens, and youth concerned with juvenile justice issues.

INTRODUCTION

The Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement and the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Advisory Board proudly present the 2003 Annual Report on the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act and its programs in Louisiana. This report provides information on funding received and programs supported during July 1, 2002 to June 30, 2003.

The mission of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (JJDP) program in the State includes funding programs at the local level to support delinquency prevention and effective intervention to at-risk youth and their families throughout the state. Community-based juvenile programs are the keys to alleviating juvenile crime; therefore, funds are distributed locally to support innovative programs that might otherwise not receive financing.

To help fund programs and services to juveniles, youth and families, Louisiana receives funding from three sections of the JJDP Act: (1) Title II – Part B Federal Assistance For State and Local Programs, (JJDP Formula), (2) Title II – Part E – Developing, Testing and Demonstrating Promising New Initiatives and Programs (State Challenge Activities), and (3) Title V – Incentive Grants for Local Delinquency Prevention Programs. The JJDP Advisory Board reviews the applications for these three funding areas and makes recommendation to the Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement. Before receiving these funds, the application must receive approval from the Commission. Fund activities are reported herein as follows:

Title II Formula Block Grant	FY 2002
Challenge Activities	FY 2001
Title V Incentive Grants for Local Delinquency Prevention Programs	FY 2002
Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grants Program	FY 2001

Louisiana passes most of the money through eight statutory Law Enforcement Planning Districts that help allocate the federal funds to units of local government and nonprofit agencies. The Commission on Law Enforcement strives for equitable distribution of all funds. To assist in this effort, JJDP and Title V funds are distributed between state-level and local level programs. Challenge Activities are distributed only on the state level. Funds for local programs are distributed by a formula to the eight Law Enforcement Districts. This formula was revised in 2000 utilizing crime rate, population, and criminal justice manpower statistics. The formula for fund distribution is provided below.

District 1	Northwest District	11.11%
District 2	North Delta District	7.82%
District 3	Red River Delta District	9.54%
District 4	Evangeline District	10.50%
District 5	Capital District	15.60%
District 6	Southwest District	10.16%
District 7	Jefferson/Metropolitan	15.88%
District 9	Orleans	19.49%

Besides supporting local programs, JJDP funds are used to sponsor three annual trainings: (1) the Governor's Conference on Juvenile Justice, (2) School Resource Officers (SRO) Training, and (3) Juvenile Officers Training. The Governor's Conference on Juvenile Justice contributes to the training of law enforcement officers, probation officers, child welfare workers, educational professionals, the judiciary, and other related juvenile justice personnel in current juvenile justice issues and laws. Seventy law enforcement officers receive training to become school resource officers. Of the seventy officers, forty officers receive basic instruction and thirty receives advance training. These trained SRO's are then placed within the middle and high schools. The Juvenile Officers' Training provides tuition assistance to the sheriff's offices and police departments for the deputies/officers that complete the program and become certified juvenile officers.

Louisiana receives the Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grants (JAIBG) program, another source of funding from the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. The JAIBG funds are passed to official eligible units of local government and statewide programs at the state level. The purpose of JAIBG funds is to help address the growing problem of juvenile crime by encouraging accountability-based reforms. The JJDP Advisory Board only receives a report on the activities of JAIBG projects. The applications must receive approval from the Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement.

The Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement and the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Advisory Board are committed to use JJDP funding to make improvements of juvenile justice services our top priority, to train professionals in effective methodologies, and to facilitate networking among juvenile justice professionals.

THE JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION ACT

In response to national concern about juvenile crime and delinquency, and with an intent to provide the required direction, coordination, resources, and leadership, Congress enacted the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (JJDP) Act (Public Law No. 93-415, 42 U.S.C. § 5601 *et seq.*) in 1974. This landmark legislation established the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP), a component of the Office of Justice Programs, U.S. Department of Justice which is under the general authority of the Attorney General. The JJDP Act represented the first federal legislation to address the problem of juvenile crime in a comprehensive, coordinated way. This comprehensive Act provides funding, technical assistance, and information systems to address these critical concerns in each State.

Louisiana has been an active participant in this federal-state partnership that was created under the Act. The State receives a formula grant through its designated state-planning agency, the Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice (LCLE).

The Act created four core requirements to protect youth involved in the juvenile justice system. Present and future funding depends on the State's compliance with these core requirements. The four core requirements of the Act are:

1. **Deinstitutionalization of status offenders (DSO)** - States must ensure that juveniles who are charged with offenses that would not be criminal if committed by an adult (such as truancy and running away) are not placed in secure detention or correctional facilities.
2. **Removal of juveniles from adult jails and lockups** - No juvenile shall be detained or confined in a jail or lockup intended for adult offenders beyond specified time limits.
3. **Sight and sound separation** - States must ensure that juveniles who are detained or confined in a jail or lockup do not have contact with adult offenders.
4. **Disproportionate minority confinement (DMC)** - States must address efforts to reduce the proportion of juveniles detained or confined in secure detention facilities, secure correctional facilities, jails, and lockups who are members of minority groups if such proportion exceeds the proportion such groups represent in the general population.

**TITLE II -
JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION
FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2002**

To meet the core requirements, the Act provides each State with Formula Grants. Based on the State's under the age of 18 population, each State receives an allocation from OJJDP. This formula grant money must be used first to bring the State into compliance with the core requirements identified in the Act. Once in compliance, States may use the formula grant monies to fund other juvenile justice and delinquency prevention programs and services.

The federal award for federal fiscal year 2002 was \$1,112,000. Louisiana has three years in which to allocate and expend these funds. Based on the Commission's formula, these funds were divided among the eight local law enforcement districts as follows:

District 1 – Northwest	\$81,806
District 2 - North Delta	\$57,582
District 3 – Red River Delta	\$70,246
District 4 – Evangeline	\$77,315
District 5 – Capital	\$114,869
District 6 – Southwest	\$74,813
District 7 – Jefferson/Metropolitan	\$116,930
District 8 – State Level***	\$376,663
District 9 – Orleans	\$142,776

** District 8 encompasses state level funds used to fund statewide training and planning/administration costs.

The FY 2002 awards issued to local and statewide programs can be seen in the attached tables. Approximately 30 local law enforcement/governmental agencies and 13 private nonprofit agencies receive these funds to serve their juvenile community.

Although funding of juvenile programs is not limited to the listed programs, these fifteen programs have been found particularly effective for juveniles using federal fiscal year 2002 funds:

1. **Community Service Programs** - Primarily diversion or pre-dispositional programs in which juveniles are diverted in an informal or pre-adjudicatory hearing and provides a means of making symbolic restitution to the community for offenses committed.
2. **Curfew Centers and Programs** - Gives police an option when youth are found on the streets during the hours of juvenile curfew; provides services to the juveniles and their parents.
3. **Electronic Monitoring** - For pre-adjudicated or pre-dispositional youth to be used in

connected to home detention/home visits.

4. **Emergency Shelter** - An alternative to jail or detention, to provide food, shelter, short-term supervision, and crisis intervention to juveniles who are, or who are alleged to be, status offenders or delinquents, and who cannot immediately return home upon arrest to be held for a maximum of ten days
5. **Family Strengthening Programs** - Designed to reduce risk factors for delinquency in at-risk families and youth, and to increase resilience and rehabilitative factors between those youth and families who have already become involved in the juvenile justice system. Programs should contain, at minimum, the following components: 1) parent training, 2) children and youth skills training, 3) family life skills training.
6. **Holdover Shelter** - An alternative to jail or detention, to provide food, shelter, short-term supervision, and crisis intervention for a period up to 72 hours to juveniles who are awaiting a court appearance, transfer to another juvenile facility, location of their parents, return to another jurisdiction.
7. **Home Detention Program** - Provides for the home monitoring and intensive supervision of juveniles pending adjudication and disposition, in lieu of physical shelter or detention, and in some cases, to serve as a diversion from court.
8. **Mentoring Programs** - Programs are based upon the development of an influential and caring one-on-one relationship with another person through variety of methods, e.g., tutoring, recreation, learning job skills, and leisure activities. Program brief includes guidelines in choosing mentors, including background checks.
9. **Report/Resource Centers (or After School Programs)** - Provides full-time or after-school activities to youth who are at-risk or who may be referred from or diverted from court for minor delinquent or status offenses. Serves youth whose primary problems focus around family instability, negative peer group influences, and poor use of leisure time.
10. **School Resource Officers** - Program emphasizing that law enforcement professionals can have a positive influence on school campuses; involves the placement of an officer within the educational environment to be involved in a variety of functions, e.g., counseling, teaching about the system, and personal interest in the students.
11. **SHOCAP (Serious Habitual Offender Comprehensive Action Program)** - An interagency project requiring cooperation between police, prosecutors, courts, probation, schools, corrections, social and/or family services, aftercare, and other community organizations. It can be initiated by any one of these groups, but usually law enforcement, prosecutors or the courts. This program is directed at the serious habitual offender and is a very small proportion of the juvenile population. Local statistics must verify the need proportional to the number of serious habitual offenders in the jurisdiction.
12. **Teen Court** - Voluntary community-based program directed toward juvenile misdemeanor offenders and is designed to provide an alternative to the formal court process.

13. **Tuancy Programs** - Offers services to truants at an early age; programs can include truancy workers, liaison officers, law enforcement activity, truancy service centers, and alternative school settings.
14. **Violence Prevention Program** - Youth are taught how to avoid and deal with violent situations. Program can be operated in detention centers and schools.
15. **Training** - To provide for the training of juvenile justice professionals.

TITLE II PART E
STATE CHALLENGE ACTIVITIES
FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2001

Challenge funds are used to bring about systems changes in governmental agencies charged with juvenile justice responsibilities. The 2001 federal award is for \$131,000. These projects focus on the development, adoption, and improvement of policies and programs in one or more of the ten specified Challenge areas. This award was issued to two programs, which can be seen in the attached District 8 - Statewide table.

The Challenge Activities Areas are:

1. **Basic System Services:** Developing and adopting policies and programs to provide basic health, mental health, and educational services to youth in the juvenile justice system.
2. **Access to Counsel** - Developing and adopting policies and programs to provide all juveniles in the juvenile system access to counsel.
3. **Community-Based Alternatives** - Increasing community-based alternatives to incarceration by establishing programs and developing and adopting a set of objective criteria for the appropriate placement of juveniles in detention and secure confinement.
4. **Violent Juvenile Offender Facilities** - Developing and adopting policies and programs to provide secure settings for violent juvenile offenders by closing down traditional training schools and replacing them with secure settings (with capacities of no more than 50 and staff-youth ratios high enough to permit close supervision and effective treatment).
5. **Gender-Specific Policies and Programs** - Developing and adopting policies to prohibit gender bias in placement and treatment and establishing programs to ensure female youth access to the full range of health and mental health services, including treatment for physical or sexual assault or abuse, self-defense instruction, parenting education, general education, and training and vocational services.
6. **State Ombudsman** - Establishing and operating, directly or by contract, a State ombudsman office for children, youth, and families. The office would investigate and resolve complaints relating to the action, inaction, or decisions of those providing out-of-home care to children and youth.
7. **Deinstitutionalization of Status Offenders** - Developing and adopting policies and programs to remove status offenders from the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, when appropriate.
8. **Alternatives to School Suspension and Expulsion** - Developing and adopting policies and

programs designed to serve as alternatives to suspension and expulsion.

9. **Aftercare Services** - Increasing aftercare services for juveniles in the justice system by establishing programs and developing and adopting policies to provide comprehensive health, mental health, education, family, and vocational services to youth upon release from the juvenile justice system.
10. **State Agency Coordination/Case Review System** - Developing and adopting policies to establish State administrative structure to develop program and fiscal policies for children with emotional or behavioral problems and their families. The structure would coordinate the activities of major child-serving systems and implement a statewide case review system.

**TITLE V
INCENTIVE GRANTS FOR LOCAL
DELINQUENCY PREVENTION PROGRAMS
FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2002**

Title V funds are dedicated to delinquency prevention efforts initiated by a community-based planning process focused on reducing risks and enhancing protective factors to prevent youth from entering the juvenile justice system. It is the only Federal-funding source solely dedicated to delinquency prevention. The Title V program encourages communities to perform multidisciplinary assessments of the risks and resources specific to their communities and then develop community-wide, collaborative plans to prevent delinquency. Because careful, systematic, strategic planning increases the efficacy of prevention efforts and reduces service duplication, Title V requires the formation of a multidisciplinary community Prevention Policy Board. There also is a 50 percent matching funds requirement by the recipient unit of local government that encourages communities to collaborate and to secure additional resources to sustain their long-term delinquency prevention efforts. Louisiana's Title V award for federal fiscal year 2002 was \$422,000, which was based on the number of juveniles below the age of criminal responsibility. Each awarded program may be funded in 12-month increments for up to three years. The funds were divided among the eight local law enforcement districts as follows:

District 1 – Northwest	\$46,884
District 2 - North Delta	\$33,000
District 3 – Red River Delta	\$40,259
District 4 – Evangeline	\$44,310
District 5 – Capital	\$65,832
District 6 – Southwest	\$42,875
District 7 – Jefferson/Metropolitan	\$67,014
District 9 – Orleans	\$81,826

The FY 2002 federal funds are awarded to units of local government per program eligibility criteria. As shown in the attached tables, approximately 16 units of general local government received funds.

Title V funds are for delinquency prevention programs and activities for youth who have had contact with the juvenile justice system or who are likely to have contact with the juvenile justice system. Fundable areas include:

1. **Recreation services - After-School Programs, Mentoring Programs**
2. **Tutoring and remedial education – After-School Programs, Alternative Schools**
3. **Assistance in the development of work awareness skills – Parenting Program**
4. **Child and adolescent health and mental health services – Nurse Home Visitation**

Program

5. **Alcohol and substance abuse prevention services**
6. **Leadership development activities** – Mentoring Programs
7. **The teaching that people are and should be held accountable for their actions** – Teen Court, Truancy Programs
8. **FINS Service Expansion** – Family Strengthening Program, Counseling, Conflict Resolution, Violence Prevention, - NOT a FINS officer

**JUVENILE ACCOUNTABILITY INCENTIVE BLOCK
GRANTS PROGRAM
FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2001**

The federal award for fiscal year 2001 was \$3,948,200. Louisiana has three years in which to allocate and expend these funds. The FY 2001 awards issued to local and statewide programs can be seen in the attached tables. Approximately 58 local units of government and two governmental agencies received funds to serve the juvenile community.

This program was created under the provisions of the FY 1998 Commerce, Justice and State Appropriations Act, but it is based on provisions contained in Title III of H.R. 3, the Juvenile Accountability Block Grants Act of 1997. The JAIBG program awards grants to States to address the growing problem of juvenile crime by encouraging accountability-based reforms at State and local levels. After receiving their awards, the States are required to pass through a majority of the funding (75 percent) to eligible units of local government. (For purposes of the JAIBG program in Louisiana, parish sheriffs, parish presidents, district attorneys and mayors of select cities are considered official eligible applicants for units of local government.)

Funds are allocated to states by a Federal formula based on UCR reported juvenile crime, local law enforcement budgets, and juvenile population. This formula was used to distribute funding to units of local governments with a minimum award of \$10,000. The Federal share for an approved project cannot exceed 90 percent of total project cost. Consequently, the State or local recipient of a JAIBG award must contribute a cash match of at least 10 percent of the total program cost. (In the case of construction of permanent juvenile corrections facilities, the cash match is 50 percent of the total program cost.)

All subgrantees must establish coordinated enforcement plans for reducing juvenile crime. The Juvenile Crime Enforcement Coalition develops these local plans. This group consists of individuals who work with local area juveniles in a variety of situations, and decide how best to spend JAIBG funds in their communities. Principal members of these local coalitions represent the police, department, sheriff's office, school board, juvenile court, juvenile probation and the district attorney.

Units of local government that otherwise qualify for an award can waive their right to a direct award and designate a larger governmental unit (within which it is located) or a regional planning unit (which plans for and administers JAIBG funds on behalf of two or more local governments) to receive and administer the JAIBG award on its behalf.

The governor has designated the Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement to administer this program. This program is not passed through to the local law enforcement planning councils as the other programs. The LCLE is responsible for the development of procedures by which units of local government (and state agencies) may apply for JAIBG funds. Application is made directly to the LCLE.

There are 12 purpose areas in the JAIBG Program.

Program Purpose Areas

1. Building, expanding, renovating, or operating juvenile correction or detention facilities (either temporary or permanent), including training of correctional personnel.
2. Developing and administering accountability-based sanctions for juvenile offenders.
3. Hiring additional juvenile judges, probation officers, and court-appointed defenders, and funding pre-trial services for juveniles, to ensure the smooth and expeditious administration of the juvenile justice system.
4. Hiring additional prosecutors, so that more cases involving violent juvenile offenders can be prosecuted and backlogs reduced.
5. Providing funding to enable prosecutors to address drug, gang, and youth violence problems more effectively.
6. Providing funding for technology, equipment, and training to assist prosecutors in identifying and expediting the prosecution of violent juvenile offenders.
7. Providing funding to enable juvenile courts and juvenile probation offices to be more effective and efficient in holding juvenile offenders accountable and reducing recidivism.
8. The establishment of court-based juvenile justice programs that target youth firearms offenders through the establishment of juvenile gun courts for the adjudication and prosecution of juvenile firearms offenders.
9. The establishment of drug court programs for juveniles in order to provide continuing judicial supervision over juvenile offenders with substance abuse problems and to provide the integrated administration of other sanctions and services.
10. Establishing and maintaining interagency information-sharing programs that enable the juvenile and criminal justice system, schools, and social services agencies to make more informed decisions regarding the early identification, control, supervision, and treatment of juveniles who repeatedly commit serious delinquent or criminal acts.
11. Establishing and maintaining accountability-based programs that work with juvenile offenders who are referred by law enforcement agencies, or which are designed, in cooperation with law enforcement officials, to protect students and school personnel from drug, gang, and youth violence.
12. Implementing a policy of controlled substance testing for appropriate categories of juveniles within the juvenile justice system.

FUTURE DIRECTION

On November 2, 2002, Congress reauthorized the JJDP Act. The reauthorization (the 21st Century Department of Justice Appropriations Authorization Act, Public Law No. 107-273, 116 Stat. 1758) supports OJJDP's established mission while introducing important changes that streamline the Office's operations and bring a sharper focus to its role. The provisions of the reauthorization took effect in October 2003. A summary of the provisions is provided

1. Federal Activities

- a. Requires OJJDP to develop model mental health care standards for juveniles;
- b. Establish program for developing, testing, and demonstrating promising new initiatives and programs aimed at preventing and reducing juvenile delinquency; and
- c. Establish research and evaluation, statistical analyses, and information dissemination activities. The federal standard programs areas were increased from 12 to 34.

2. Core Requirements

- a. Deinstitutionalization of Status Offenders (DSO) – Retains current prohibition on detaining status offenders in secure facilities. Runaways may no longer be held longer for family reunification purposes as specified in the Interstate Compact on Juveniles.
- b. Separation of Juveniles from Adults in Institutions (Sight and Sound) – Revises mandate to reflect current regulations, which disallow contact between juvenile offenders in a secure custody status and incarcerated adults.
- c. Removal of Juveniles from Jails and Adult Facilities – Provides additional flexibility for rural areas by extending the period of time from 24 to 48 hours for which juveniles can be held in a jail or adult facility. "Sight and sound separation" continues to apply.
- d. Disproportionate Minority Confinement (DMC) – Changed 'confinement' to 'contact'. Requires states to address prevention efforts and systemic efforts to reduce the disproportionate representation of minorities that come into contact with the juveniles justice system.

3. Compliance with Core Requirements

- a. Current law ties 100% of a state's formula grant to compliance with the four core requirements. If the state fails to comply with any of the four core requirements, the state will be penalized 20% and must use 50% of the remaining funds to come back into compliance.

4. Formula Grant

- a. Continues the Formula Grant to States with the following new requirements
 - i. Public child welfare records for a juvenile must be shared with the court
 - ii. Juvenile offenders whose placements are funded through Foster Care must be afforded the same case management oversight as other wards of the Foster care system
 - iii. Juveniles brought into the system for violation of valid court must be interviewed and assessed by a public child-serving agency within 48 hours of intake.

- b. The Formula Grant funds several new focus areas including:
 - i. Programs to provide mental health services to juveniles
 - ii. Programs that provide follow-up post placement services to juveniles
 - iii. Programs that provide counseling, mentoring and training opportunities for juveniles
 - iv. Programs to expand the use of probation officers to allow nonviolent offenders to remain in community
- c. The Formula Grant maintains critical focus areas such as:
 - i. Hate crime prevention programs
 - ii. Program to provide competent counsel to juveniles
 - iii. Programs to provide services to girls in the juvenile justice system
 - iv. Programs to ensure family involvement and family strengthening

5. Delinquency Prevention Block Grant (Challenge)

- a. Consolidated five program authorities, which includes the Challenge program, to create a Delinquency Prevention Block grant that funds activities designed to prevent and reduce juvenile crime in communities which have a comprehensive juvenile crime prevention plan, including projects that provide treatment to juvenile offenders and juveniles who are at risk of becoming juvenile offenders. Activities may include (partial list): Mentoring, Family Strengthening Programs, Drug and Alcohol Treatment Programs, Gang Prevention Programs, Job Training and Employment Recreation Programs, Youth Development Programs, Probation Programs. Eligible recipients include community-based organizations, law enforcement agencies, local education authorities, local governments, social service providers and other entities with a demonstrated history of involvement in juvenile delinquency prevention.

6. Local Delinquency Prevention Grant Program (Title V)

- a. The reauthorization retains Title V of the JJDP Act. Title V provides states with matching funds for community based prevention programs. “Youth development programs” have been added to the list of allowable activities that may be funded under Title V.

7. Funding Restriction

- a. Residential programs receiving funds under this Act must be licensed within the state they are located. License must have standards of discipline citing abuse and neglect. If program takes out of state juveniles, program must meet licensing requirements from the sending state.

8. Juvenile Accountability Block Grant (JAIBG)

- a. The Consequences for Juvenile Offenders Act of 2002 authorizes JAIBG program to provide states and units of local government with funds to develop programs to promote greater accountability in the juvenile justice system. Program purpose areas were expanded significantly to provide additional services and treatments for troubled youth. By supporting these additional purposes, JAIBG will provide needed resources to proven strategies for rehabilitating adjudicated youth and families as well as reducing juvenile re-offense rates. These include:
 - i. Implementing graduated sanctions programs that include counseling, restitution, community service, and supervised probation.

- ii. Establishing or expanding substance abuse programs
- iii. Promoting mental health screening and treatment

The LCLE and the JJDP Advisory Board will continue to fund programs determined to be priorities after examination of problem areas within the state. It is our commitment that Louisiana will remain in compliance with the four core requirements of the JJDP Act, and therefore, continue to receive federal funds for juvenile justice and delinquency prevention efforts.

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DISTRICT 1 - NORTHWEST LAW ENFORCEMENT PLANNING DISTRICT

Parishes: Bienville, Bossier, Caddo, Claiborne, DeSoto, Lincoln, Natchitoches, Red River, Sabine, Webster

FY 2002 - TITLE II – JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
26 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Teen Court	\$18,796	Bossier	13-18	300
26 th Judicial District Court	Juvenile Community Service Program	\$10,496	Bossier, Webster	12-16	125
Bienville Parish Sheriff's Department	School Resource Officers Program	\$17,149	Bienville	12-19	100
Rutherford House	Report/Resource Center	\$8,906	Caddo, Bossier	12-17	30
Rutherford House	Violence Prevention Program	\$7,314	Caddo, Bossier	12-17	30
Springhill, City of	Juvenile Community Service Program	\$2,479	Springhill City	12-16	45
Volunteers for Youth Justice	Violence Prevention Program	\$15,000	Caddo	13-16	200

FY 2002 - TITLE V – COMMUNITY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
26 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Truancy Intervention Program	\$10,589	Bossier	5-16	19,300
Caddo Parish Commission	Truancy Intervention Program	\$36,295	Caddo	12-18	300

FY 2001 - JAIBG

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juvenile
2 nd Judicial District Attorney's Office	Juvenile Prosecutors	\$34,650	Bienville, Claiborne, Jackson	10-17	95
11 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$48,298	DeSoto, Sabine	10-17	791
26 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Develop Juvenile Drug Courts	\$63,158	Bossier, Webster	12-17	50
Bossier Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$50,000	Bossier	12-17	359
Caddo Parish Commission	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$186,895	Caddo	10-17	1,554
DeSoto Parish Sheriff's Department	Probation Program To Reduce Recidivism	\$24,750	DeSoto	10-17	60
Natchitoches Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$20,692	Natchitoches	12-17	106

DISTRICT 2 - NORTH DELTA LAW ENFORCEMENT PLANNING DISTRICT

Parishes: Caldwell, East Carroll, Franklin, Jackson, Madison, Morehouse, Ouachita, Richland, Tensas, Union, West Carroll

FY 2002 - TITLE II – JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
Monroe City Court	Family Strengthening Program	\$8,800	Monroe, City of	10-17	60
Our House	Report/Resource Center	\$19,612	Monroe-primarily Booker T neighborhood	9-14	40
Teen Court of Northeast Louisiana, Inc.	Teen Court	\$8,800	Ouachita	10-17	160
West Monroe, City of	Report/Resource Center	\$19,197	West Monroe, West Ouachita	10-17	300

FY 2001 - JAIBG

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
2 nd Judicial District Attorney's Office	Juvenile Prosecutors	\$34,650	Bienville, Claiborne, Jackson	10-17	95
3 rd Judicial District Attorney's Office	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$72,097	Lincoln, Union	6-17	594
4 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Probation Program To Reduce Recidivism	\$99,022	Morehouse, Ouachita	8-17	243
4 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$25,048	Morehouse, Ouachita	10-17	111
37 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$5,967	Caldwell	14-21	155
Franklin Parish Sheriff's Department	Protect Students/School From Violence	\$34,200	Franklin	11-18	1248
Morehouse Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$11,457	Morehouse	12-17	96
Tensas Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$8,593	Tensas	12-17	41

DISTRICT 3 - RED RIVER DELTA ENFORCEMENT PLANNING COUNCIL, INC.

Parishes: Avoyelles, Catahoula, Concordia, Grant, LaSalle, Rapides, Vernon, Winn

FY 2002 - TITLE II – JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
12 th Judicial District Court	Holdover Shelter Program	\$4,491	Rural areas of Avoyelles	10-16	50
Boys & Girls Clubs of Central Louisiana, Inc.	Mentoring Program	\$11,849	Cities of Alexandria/Pineville; Rapides	10-18	30
Community Receiving Home, Inc.	Family Strengthening Program	\$22,815	Rapides	13-17	100
Dynamic Youth, Inc.	Teen Court	\$12,000	Vernon	12-16	60
Grant Parish Sheriff's Department	Violence Prevention Program	\$8,000	Grant	11-13	200

FY 2002 - TITLE V – COMMUNITY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
8 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Truancy Intervention Program	\$16,941	Winn	5-17	150
12 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Truancy Intervention	\$16,941	Avoyelles	6-11	400

FY 2001 - JAIBG

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
9 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Probation Program To Reduce Recidivism	\$22,500	Rapides	10-17	1790
28 th Judicial District Court	Construct Detention Correction Facility	\$68,743	LaSalle	11-17	600
Rapides Parish Police Jury	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$78,061	Rapides	11-17	862

DISTRICT 4 - EVANGELINE LAW ENFORCEMENT COUNCIL, INC.

Parishes: Acadia, Evangeline, Iberia, Lafayette, St. Landry, St. Martin, St. Mary, Vermilion

FY 2002 - TITLE II – JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
Acadia Parish Sheriff's Department	Mentoring Program	\$12,000	Acadia	16-17	300
Big Brothers/Big Sisters of Acadiana	Mentoring Program	\$8,370	Lafayette	6-14	20
Big Brothers/Big Sisters of Acadiana	Mentoring Program	\$5,000	St. Landry	6-14	10
Boys & Girls Clubs of Acadiana	Violence Prevention Program	\$5,000	Iberia	6-17	70
Boys & Girls Clubs of Acadiana	Violence Prevention Program	\$8,370	Lafayette, Vermilion	6-17	150
Evangeline Law Enforcement Council, Inc.	Block Training	\$1,000	District-wide	N/A	N/A
Lafayette Parish Sheriff's Department	Report/Resource Center	\$5,000	Lafayette	7-14	25
Lafayette Teen Court	Family Strengthening Program	\$22,190	Acadia, Lafayette, Vermilion	10-16	300
Morgan City, City of	Family Strengthening Program	\$5,000	Morgan City & 6 th Ward	12-16	10
Opelousas, City of	Report/Resource Center	\$7,440	Opelousas City limits	8-16	N/A
St. Martin Parish Sheriff's Department	Mentoring Program	\$8,370	St. Martin	14-17	27

FY 2002 - TITLE V – COMMUNITY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
Morgan City, City of	Counseling Program	\$22,155	Morgan City & 6 th Ward	13-17	50
St. Martin Parish Government	Truancy Intervention Program	\$22,155	St. Martin	12-16	100

FY 2001 - JAIBG

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
13 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$39,990	Evangeline	12-17	47
15 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$148,620	Acadia, Lafayette, Vermilion	10-17	143
16 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Protect Students/Schools From Violence	\$75,141	Iberia, St. Martin, St. Mary	5-13	4137
27 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Judges, Probation Officers Or Defenders	\$34,573	St. Landry	13-18	291
Iberia Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$42,043	Iberia	6-18	858
New Iberia, City of	Probation Program To Reduce Recidivism	\$10,259	New Iberia	10-17	141
St. Mary Parish Government	Develop Juvenile Drug Courts	\$62,261	St. Mary	13-17	99

DISTRICT 5 - CAPITAL DISTRICT LAW ENFORCEMENT PLANNING COUNCIL, INC.

Parishes: Ascension, East Baton Rouge, East Feliciana, Iberville, Livingston, Pointe Coupee, St. Helena, Tangipahoa, Washington, West Feliciana, West Baton Rouge

FY 2002 - TITLE II – JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
21 st Judicial District Attorney's Office	Juvenile Community Service Program	\$8,165	Livingston, St. Helena, Tangipahoa	11-17	120
22 nd Judicial District Attorney's Office	Juvenile Community Service Program	\$13,601	Washington	10-17	150
Ascension Parish Sheriff's Department	School Resource Officer Program	\$33,926	Ascension	14-18	960
East Baton Rouge Juvenile Court	Mentoring Program	\$6,804	East Baton Rouge	10-16	40
Hammond, City of	Home Detention Program	\$16,505	Hammond City Limits	10-16	18
Pointe Coupee Parish Sheriff's Department	Family Strengthening Program	\$7,371	Pointe Coupee	8-17	13
Sunrise Human Development Agency, Inc.	Family Strengthening Program	\$13,601	Ascension	6-17	90

FY 2002 - TITLE V – COMMUNITY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
Bogalusa, City of	Truancy Intervention Program	\$16,458	4 th Ward, Washington Parish, Bogalusa City	14-17	850
Tangipahoa Parish Sheriff's Department	Family Strengthening Program	\$16,458	Tangipahoa	14-17	75
Washington Parish Sheriff's Department	Truancy Intervention Program	\$16,458	Washington	11-18	377
East Baton Rouge Sheriff's Department	Counseling Program	\$16,458	East Baton Rouge, Baton Rouge, Baker, Zachary	3-18	300

FY 2001 - JAIBG

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
21 st Judicial District Attorney's Office	Probation Program To Reduce Recidivism	\$31,248	Livingston, St. Helena, Tangipahoa	11-17	466
23 rd Judicial District Attorney's Office	Probation Program To Reduce Recidivism	\$37,423	Ascension, Assumption, St. James	9-17	290
Baton Rouge, City of	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$316,013	Baton Rouge	11-17	410
Denham Springs, City of	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$5,046	Denham Springs	12-17	26
Hammond, City of	Judges, Probation Officers or Defenders	\$23,458	Hammond	6-17	862
Livingston Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$11,457	Livingston	10-17	24
Plaquemine, City of	Judges, Probation Officers or Defenders	\$25,570	Plaquemine	10-17	133
Pointe Coupee Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$15,606	Pointe Coupee	11-17	14
St. Helena Parish Sheriff's Department	Probation Program To Reduce Recidivism	\$8,593	St. Helena	10-17	84
Tangipahoa Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$13,760	Tangipahoa	10-17	109
Washington Parish Sheriff's Department	Implement Controlled Substance Testing	\$19,706	Washington	13-21	78
West Baton Rouge Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$10,412	West Baton Rouge	10-17	67
West Feliciana Parish Sheriff's Department	Probation Program To Reduce Recidivism	\$62,497	West Feliciana	13-18	118

DISTRICT 6 - SOUTHWEST DISTRICT LAW ENFORCEMENT PLANNING COUNCIL, INC.

Parishes: Allen, Beauregard, Calcasieu, Cameron, Jefferson Davis

FY 2002 - TITLE II – JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
Calcasieu Police Jury	Family Strengthening Program	\$21,961	Calcasieu	10-17	70
Calcasieu Police Jury	Family Strengthening Program	\$21,961	Calcasieu	14-17	50
Campfire Council of Southwest Louisiana	Violence Prevention Program	\$7,406	District-wide	13-17	100
Safety Council of Southwest Louisiana	Juvenile Community Service Program	\$21,961	Calcasieu	8-11	750

FY 2002 - TITLE V – COMMUNITY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
14 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	At-Risk Youth Program	\$21,437	Calcasieu	10-18	230
Calcasieu Parish Police Jury, OJJS	Mental Health Court	\$21,438	Calcasieu	10-17	30

FY 2001 - JAIBG

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
33 rd Judicial District Attorney's Office	Probation Program To Reduce Recidivism	\$8,593	Allen	10-17	25
Calcasieu Parish Police Jury, Office of Juvenile Justice Services	Construct Detention Correction Facility	\$100,850	Calcasieu	10-17	696
Cameron Parish Police Jury	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$11,457	Cameron	12-17	22
Jennings, City of	Protect Students/Schools From Violence	\$32,801	Jennings	7-16	50

DISTRICT 7 - METROPOLITAN LAW ENFORCEMENT PLANNING & ACTION COMMISSION, INC.

Parishes: Assumption, Jefferson, Lafourche, Plaquemines, St. Bernard, St. Charles, St. James, St. John the Baptist, St. Tammany, Terrebonne

FY 2002 - TITLE II – JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
25 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Violence Prevention Program	\$15,507	Plaquemines	10-13	500
Jean Lafitte, Town of	Mentoring Program	\$12,150	Lafitte, Barataria, Crown Point	9-14	15
Jefferson Coalition for Alternative Schools	Violence Prevention Program	\$9,500	Jefferson – Eastbank	12-17	100
Jefferson Coalition for Alternative Schools	Mentoring Program	\$28,150	Jefferson – Eastbank	12-17	100
Jefferson Parish Council	Data Collection/System Upgrade	\$11,678	Jefferson	N/A	N/A
St. Bernard Parish Sheriff's Office	School Resource Officers Program	\$21,541	St. Bernard	8-12	1,882
St. James Parish Council	Family Strengthening Program	\$4,480	St. James	10-17	50
YWCA of Greater New Orleans	Violence Prevention Program	\$11,542	St. Tammany	12-17	400

FY 2002 - TITLE V – COMMUNITY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
24 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Alternative School	\$25,971	Jefferson – Westbank	11-16	120
St. Bernard Parish Sheriff's Department	Truancy Intervention Program	\$19,401	St. Bernard	4-17	280
St. Tammany Parish Government	Counseling Program	\$11,646	St. Tammany, Washington	10-17	60

FY 2001 - JAIBG

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
23 rd Judicial District Attorney's Office	Probation Program To Reduce Recidivism	\$37,423	Ascension, Assumption, St. James	9-17	290
25 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Judges, Probation Officers or Defenders	\$21,054	Plaquemines	10-17	159
Assumption Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$21,582	Assumption	13-17	949
Jefferson Parish Council	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$345,988	Jefferson	12-17	1533
Lafourche Parish Sheriff's Department	Establish Information Sharing Systems	\$38,300	Lafourche	9-17	2000
Morgan City, City of	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$19,922	Morgan City	12-17	49
St. Bernard Parish Sheriff's Department	Establish Information Sharing Systems	\$14,641	St. Bernard	10-18	1641
St. Charles Parish Council	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$90,554	St. Charles	9-17	59
St. James Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$12,220	St. James	9-17	59
St. John the Baptist Parish Council	Construct Detention Correction Facility	\$22,849	St. John the Baptist	12-17	65
St. Tammany Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Juvenile Drug Courts	\$68,892	St. Tammany	13-17	147
Slidell, City of	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$16,328	Slidell	10-17	48
Terrebonne Parish Sheriff's Department	Protect Students/Schools From Violence	\$50,030	Terrebonne	11-14	3525

DISTRICT 9 - CITY OF NEW ORLEANS

Parishes: Orleans

FY 2002 - TITLE II – JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
Orleans Parish Juvenile Court	Report/Resource Center	\$61,542	Orleans	12-16	65
City of New Orleans	Home Detention Program	\$78,325	Orleans	10-16	237

FY 2001 - JAIBG

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
New Orleans, City of	Construct Detention Correction Facility	\$243,903	Orleans	8-17	855
New Orleans, City of	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$13,000	Orleans	12-17	259
Orleans Parish Criminal Sheriff's Department	Construct Detention Correction Facility	\$192,677	Orleans	13-17	395
Orleans Parish District Attorney's Office	Juvenile Prosecutors	\$192,677	Orleans	10-17	178

DISTRICT 8 - STATEWIDE

FY 2002 - TITLE II – JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
Louisiana Department of Public Safety & Corrections	Institutional Parenting	\$40,000	Statewide	15-20	80

FY 2001 - CHALLENGE

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
Louisiana Department of Public Safety & Corrections	Aftercare Program	\$65,500	Statewide	13-17	50
Jefferson Parish Sheriff's Department	Truancy Assessment Service Center	\$65,500	Jefferson	5-12	1,423

FY 2001 - JAIBG

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Age Group	Estimated # Juveniles
Louisiana Department of Justice	Protect Students/Schools From Violence	\$150,000	Statewide	5-18	500
Louisiana Department of Public Safety & Corrections	Construct Corrections Facility	\$400,000	Statewide	10-21	8787

DISTRICT 8 – STATEWIDE CONTINUED

The funding for the following programs are either mandated by the JJDP Act or used to improve the State’s juvenile justice system.

FY 2002 - TITLE II – JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Program Description
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement	JJDP Advisory Board Support	\$30,000	Section 222(d) of the JJDP Act requires all States allocate 5 per centum of the minimum annual allotment to be available to assist the advisory group established under Section 223(a)(3) of the JJDP Act. The funding allows the advisory board members with the means to carry out the goals of the board.
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement	Compliance Monitor	\$55,000	Fund one full time Compliance Monitor to work with the state advisory board, program directors, and staff in developing and implementing programs on a comprehensive statewide basis to effectuate the mandates of the JJDP Act and Act 58. The goals will continue to significantly reduce the number of juveniles held in jails and lockups.
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement	Data Collection/System Upgrade	\$34,000	Data Collection/System Upgrade - Project will ensure Louisiana’s compliance with Section 223(1)(15) of the JJDP Act, as amended, which mandates an Adequate system of monitoring jails, detention facilities, and correctional facilities...≡ And to ensure compliance with Section 223(a)(8)(A)(i) of the JJDP Act which calls for an evaluation/analysis of juvenile crime within the state.
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement	Juvenile Officer’s Training	\$16,000	Allows juvenile officers to attend Juvenile Officers Training school which offers specialized instruction in phases of law enforcement concerned with youth crime and delinquency, including prevention, control, enforcement and rehabilitation, including alternatives to incarceration.
14 th Judicial District Attorney’s Office	School Resource Officers (SRO) Training	\$35, 000	In-state training for Louisiana POST certified law enforcement officers to work in local schools throughout the state as School Resource Officers (SRO’s). Two sessions conducted by certified National Association of School Resource Officers trainers for 40 beginners and 30 qualified intermediate levels.
14 th Judicial District Attorney’s Office	Governor’ Conference	\$35,000	Funds the Annual Governor’s Conference on Juvenile Justice. Emphasis focuses on providing information, resources, and training to approximately 500 individuals in the state’s juvenile justice system. Some workshops, not limited to, address the problems, the appropriate placement and/or delivery of services to the violent, emotionally disturbed, mentally ill and/or serious offenders with special emphasis on the removal of juveniles from jail.
Rutherford House	LYCIC Magazine	\$13,000	Publish a statewide newsletter (LYCIC) and to obtain pertinent information concerning the JJDP Act, eligible programs, and the juvenile justice system.

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