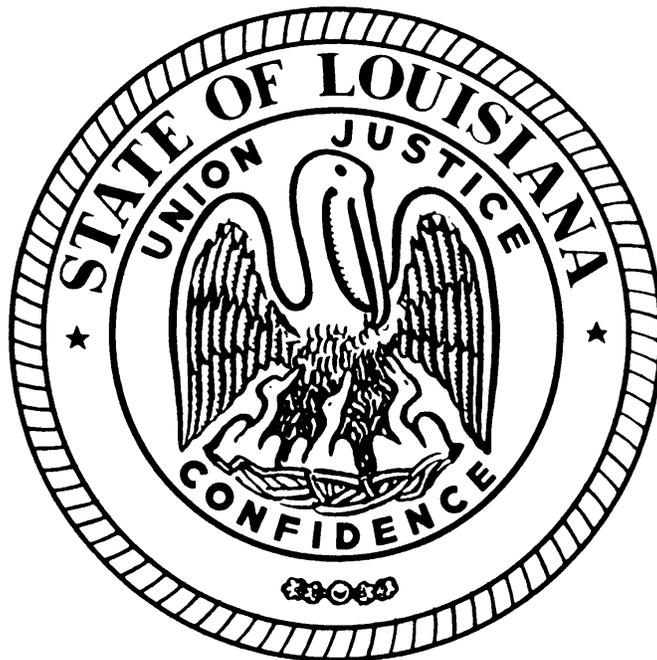


**LOUISIANA
JUVENILE JUSTICE
AND
DELINQUENCY PREVENTION
ADVISORY BOARD**

2004 ANNUAL REPORT



**Submitted to:
Governor Kathleen Babineaux Blanco
& the Louisiana Legislature**

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INTRODUCTION

The Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement and the Administration of Criminal Justice (LCLE) and the Louisiana Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (JJDP) Advisory Board proudly present the 2004 Annual Report on Louisiana programs supported by the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Grants Program.

This report provides an overview of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (JJDP) Act and fund eligibility requirements. Louisiana receives funding from the following sections of the JJDP Act:

1. Title II – Part B - Federal Assistance For State and Local Programs, (JJDP Formula Grants Program),
2. Title II – Part E – Developing, Testing and Demonstrating Promising New Initiatives and Programs (State Challenge Activities), and
3. Title V – Community Prevention Grants Program.

The JJDP Advisory Board reviews the applications for these three funding areas and makes recommendation to the Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement. Final approval by the Commission must be obtained before awards can be issued.

Louisiana also receives the Juvenile Accountability Block Grants (JABG) program, another source of funding from the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP). The JJDP Advisory Board receives a report on the activities of JABG projects from the program manager at each regular meeting of the Board. Applications must receive approval from the Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement.

Funded activities for calendar year 2004 are reported herein as follows:

Title II Formula Block Grant (JJDP)	Federal Fiscal Year 2003
Title V Community Prevention Grants Program	Federal Fiscal Year 2003
State Challenge Activities	Federal Fiscal Year 2002
Juvenile Accountability Block Grants Program (JABG)	Federal Fiscal Year 2002

THE JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION ACT

Juvenile justice is relatively new compared to the history of criminal justice in this country. In response to national concern about juvenile crime and delinquency, the juvenile justice system as we know of it today, has resulted from Supreme Court decisions and federal and state legislation. Congress enacted the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (JJDP) Act (Public Law No. 93-415, 42 U.S.C. § 5601 *et seq.*) in 1974. The Act represents the first federal legislation to address the problem of juvenile crime in a comprehensive, coordinated way.

The JJDP Act of 1974 changed the way states and communities must deal with its youth and delinquency issues. The Act's goal is to help states and its local government to prevent and control juvenile delinquency and to improve its juvenile justice system. The Act also protects juveniles in the system from inappropriate placement and from the physical and psychological harm that can result from contact with adult inmates. Also, emphasis on providing community-based treatment for juvenile offenders is critical for the intervention and rehabilitation of its youth.

Congress amended the JJDP Act in 1977, 1980, 1984, 1988, 1992 and 2002. Through these amendments, Congress strengthened the Act and its four core requirements, which protects youth involved in the juvenile justice system. The Act addresses the accountability and rehabilitation of juvenile offenders and the prevention of new offenders entering the system.

The Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP), a component of the Office of Justice Programs, U.S. Department of Justice which is under the general authority of the Attorney General, was established by this legislation. The OJJDP oversees the JJDP Act, which provides funding, technical assistance, and information systems to address these critical concerns in each State.

As required by the Act, each state must designate a state agency to prepare and administer its Comprehensive Three-Year Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Plan, establish a State Advisory Group that the Chief Executive appoints to provide policy direction (or advise a broad-based supervisory board that has policy responsibility and participates in the preparation and administration of the Formula Grant program plan), and commit to achieve and maintain compliance with the four requirements of the JJDP Act.

Louisiana has actively participated in this federal-state partnership since the creation of the JJDP Act. The State receives a formula grant through its designated state-planning agency, the Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice (LCLE).

The four core requirements of the Act are:

1. **Deinstitutionalization of status offenders (DSO)** - States must ensure that juveniles who are charged with or have committed status offenses (i.e., acts that would not be criminal if committed by an adult, such as truancy and running away) or offenses that do not constitute violations of valid court order or non-offenders such as dependent or neglected children, must not be placed in secure detention or correctional facilities.
2. **Sight and sound separation (separation)** - States must ensure that juveniles alleged to be delinquent must not be detained or confined in any institution in which they might have sight and sound contact with adult inmates.
3. **Removal of juveniles from adult jails and lockups (jail removal)** - No juvenile shall be detained or confined in a jail or lockup for adults except juveniles who are accused of non-status offenses and who are detained in such jails or lockups for a period not to exceed 6 hours.
4. **Reduction of disproportionate minority contact (DMC), where it exists** - States must address juvenile delinquency prevention and system improvement efforts designed to reduce, without establishing or requiring numerical standards or quotas, the disproportionate number of minority juveniles who come into contact with the juvenile justice system.

Every three years, Louisiana submits a Comprehensive Three-Year Formula Grant Plan in which the State Advisory Group participates in the Plan's development, review, and approval. The Plan must include an analysis of the state's juvenile crime programs and juvenile justice needs, plans for compliance with the four core requirements, plan for compliance monitoring, the State Advisory Board composition, the Formula Grant program staff, technical assistance needs and certifications. Annual updates are submitted to reflect new trends and identified needs in the juvenile justice systems along with planned strategies and programs to address them the following two subsequent years.

Present and future funding depends on the state's eligibility and compliance with the four core requirements. As part of the annual State Plan, Louisiana must submit a plan for achieving or maintaining compliance with the core requirements. The Act specifies that states must provide an adequate system of monitoring jails, detention facilities, correctional facilities, and non-secure facilities for compliance of the core requirements. Louisiana is required to collect and analyze data and information from the juvenile facilities and report the findings annually in its Compliance Monitoring Report. This report is due six months after the reporting period.

The Comprehensive Three-Year Plan and subsequent Plan updates must include how the state is addressing the disproportionate minority contact (DMC) of the overrepresentation of minority youth at all contact points in the juvenile justice system. There are nine contact points, (1) juvenile arrests, (2) cases referred to youth court, (3) cases diverted, (4) cases involving secure detention, (5) cases petitioned (charge filed); (6) cases resulting in delinquent findings, (7) cases resulting in probation placement, (8) cases resulting in confinement in secure juvenile correctional facilities, and (9) juveniles waived to adult court. Addressing DMC is an on-going basis that requires states to

- (a) The identification of the extent to which DMC exists,
- (b) Perform an assessment that uncovers the causes of DMC, if it exists,
- (c) Provide intervention which develops and implements strategies for addressing the identified causes,
- (d) The evaluation of determining the effectiveness of chosen intervention strategies, and
- (e) To monitor or track the changes in DMC trends and adjust interventions as needed.

OJJDP determines that a state is compliant with the core requirements through the review of the annual State Plan and the Compliance Monitoring Report. Noncompliance could result in a 20% reduction of the Formula Grant funding for the next fiscal year for each core requirement not met; in addition, 50% of the remaining allocation for that fiscal year must be utilized to achieve compliance.

JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION ADVISORY BOARD

Section 223(a) of the JJDP Act mandates states establish an advisory group of diverse representation of the juvenile justice field (both the public and private sector) who serve in a voluntary capacity. The JJDP Advisory Board consists of 15 to 33 members appointed by the Governor. As required by the Act, one-fifth of the members must include youth under the age of 24 prior to their appointment. It also must include at least three members who are or were previously involved in the juvenile justice system. The majority of the members must not be full-time government employees, including the chairperson.

The Act requires the Board to participate in the development of the State Plan, advise the governor and the Legislature on compliance with the core requirements of the JJDP Act, obtain input from juveniles currently under the jurisdiction of the juvenile justice system, review and comment on grant proposals and monitor programs. Board members should also advocate the goals the JJDP Act, be knowledgeable about state and federal juvenile justice laws, be an active board member, understand the flow of Louisiana's juvenile justice, and be familiar with Louisiana's facilities and programs.

Also under Section 223 of the JJDP Act, the Federal Advisory Committee on Juvenile Justice (FACJJ) was established and supported by OJJDP. This consultative body is composed of appointed representatives of the nation's State Advisory Boards. This Committee advises the President and Congress on matters related to juvenile justice, advises the OJJDP Administrator on the work of OJJDP, and evaluates the progress and accomplishments of juvenile justice activities and projects. Governor Kathleen Babineaux Blanco appointed the Board Chair as Louisiana's representative with another board member as the alternate.

The mission of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (JJDP) program in Louisiana includes funding programs at the local level to support delinquency prevention and effective intervention to at-risk youth and their families throughout the state. Community-based juvenile programs are the keys to alleviating juvenile crime; therefore, funds are distributed locally to support innovative programs that might otherwise not receive financing.

Governor Kathleen Babineaux Blanco appointed the current Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Advisory Board in March 2005.

Ms. Bernardine Adams, Chair

Mr. Justin A. Bacques
Ms. Ja'nene G. Broussard
Mr. Marcus Bruno
Mr. David Burton
Mr. Gregory E. Davies
Ms. Billie Giroir
Mr. Simon Gonsoulin
Ms. Shaquania L. Griffin
Mr. Robby Ray Hill, Jr.
Mr. Charles. H. Jackson
Ms. Elois Joseph
Mr. Frank P. Letellier, II

Sheriff Tony Mancuso
Mr. Floyd A. Marshall, Sr.
Ms. Vi Eve M. Martin-Kohrs
Mr. James R. McClelland
Ms. Dana Menard
Ms. Carol Ney
Ms. Sibil "Fox" Richardson
Ms. Daphne Robinson
Mr. Ronald A Rossitto
Judge Kim Stansbury
Mr. Robert J. Tillie
Mr. Earl White

FUNDING PROCESS

Louisiana is divided into eight local Law Enforcement Planning Districts. Each Planning District has a Program Director and a Council composed of local law enforcement officials and private citizens. The Law Enforcement Planning Districts are kept updated on the core requirements of the JJDP Act, funding eligibility guidelines, and pertinent State and Federal guidelines, as well as the funding allocations available for juvenile justice programs.

OJJDP notifies the LCLE of the annual state award. The LCLE staff then announces the allocation to each District. The allocations are determined by a formula based on population and crime statistics. The formula was revised in May 2000, approved by the Commission and published in the Louisiana State Register. The JJDP Advisory Board sets priorities for the use of available grant funds. The District staff notifies potential known private non-profit providers and public agencies of the availability of grant funding and guidelines for funding through public advertising.

Potential non-profit private or public providers submit a Request for Allocation for a particular program to the appropriate District Program Director. The District Council, the JJDP Advisory Board, and the LCLE must approve this request before a full application for a JJDP grant can be submitted.

After the Request for Allocation is approved, the grant application is prepared and submitted to the District Program Director. Grants are approved or disapproved at the district level by the District Boards.

If approved, at the district level, the grant application is submitted to LCLE staff for review. Staff assesses the documented need and conformity to JJDP requirements and priorities. The grant is also submitted to the LCLE Priorities Committee for review.

If the grant proposal meets the requirements as assessed by LCLE staff and the Priorities Committee, it is submitted to the JJDP Advisory Board for review and recommendation to the full Commission. Upon recommendation for funding approval by the JJDP Advisory Board, the proposal is taken under consideration during a regular meeting of the LCLE for final approval. If approved by the LCLE, a Grant Award is then issued.

Potential subgrantees must be present at all meetings when Allocation Requests or Grant Applications are reviewed, with the exception of the LCLE meeting, if the grant request is under \$10,000. Questions about the project may be asked at these meetings.

Applications under the State Challenge Activities do not go through the Local Law Enforcement Planning Districts. These applications are considered state-level and are submitted directly to LCLE. They are presented to the Priorities Committees, the JJDP Advisory Board and the Commission at regular meetings. Applications under the Juvenile Accountability Block Program are state-level and follow the same process, however JJDP Advisory Board's recommendation is not required.

**TITLE II -
FORMULA GRANT PROGRAM (JJDP)
FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2003**

The JJDP Act provides each State with Formula Grants to meet the core requirements. Each State's allocation from OJJDP is based on the State's under the age of 18 population. This Formula Grant Program money must be used first to bring the State into compliance with the core requirements identified in the Act. Once in compliance, States may use the Formula Grant monies to fund other juvenile justice and delinquency prevention programs and services.

The award for federal fiscal year 2003 was \$1,036,000. Louisiana has three years in which to allocate and expend these funds. Based on the Commission's formula, these funds were divided among the eight local law enforcement districts as follows:

District 1 – Northwest	\$74,511
District 2 - North Delta	\$52,446
District 3 – Red River Delta	\$63,982
District 4 – Evangeline	\$70,421
District 5 – Capital	\$104,625
District 6 – Southwest	\$68,140
District 7 – Jefferson/Metropolitan	\$106,502
District 8 – State Level***	\$261,730
District 9 – Orleans	\$130,043

** District 8 encompasses state level funds used to fund statewide training and planning/administration costs.

The FY 2003 awards issued to local and statewide programs can be seen in the attached tables. Approximately 27 local law enforcement/governmental agencies and 18 private nonprofit agencies received these funds to serve their juvenile community.

Although funding of juvenile programs is not limited to the listed programs, these twelve programs have been found particularly effective for juveniles using federal fiscal year 2003 funds:

1. **Community Service Programs** - Primarily diversion or pre-dispositional programs in which juveniles are diverted in an informal or pre-adjudicatory hearing and provides a means of making symbolic restitution to the community for offenses committed.

2. **Family Strengthening Programs** - Designed to reduce risk factors for delinquency in at-risk families and youth, and to increase resilience and rehabilitative factors between those youth and families who have already become involved in the juvenile justice system. Programs should contain, at minimum, the following components: 1) parent training, 2) children and youth skills training, 3) family life skills training.
3. **Holdover Shelter** - An alternative to jail or detention, to provide food, shelter, short-term supervision, and crisis intervention for a period up to 72 hours to juveniles who are awaiting a court appearance, transfer to another juvenile facility, location of their parents, return to another jurisdiction.
4. **Home Detention Program** - Provides for the home monitoring and intensive supervision of juveniles pending adjudication and disposition, in lieu of physical shelter or detention, and in some cases, to serve as a diversion from court.
5. **Mentoring Programs** - Programs are based upon the development of an influential and caring one-on-one relationship with another person through variety of methods, e.g., tutoring, recreation, learning job skills, and leisure activities. Program brief includes guidelines in choosing mentors, including background checks.
6. **Report/Resource Centers (or After School Programs)** - Provides full-time or after-school activities to youth who are at-risk or who may be referred from or diverted from court for minor delinquent or status offenses. Serves youth whose primary problems focus around family instability, negative peer group influences, and poor use of leisure time.
7. **School Resource Officers** - Program emphasizing that law enforcement professionals can have a positive influence on school campuses; involves the placement of an officer within the educational environment to be involved in a variety of functions, e.g., counseling, teaching about the system, and personal interest in the students.
8. **SHOCAP (Serious Habitual Offender Comprehensive Action Program)** - An interagency project requiring cooperation between police, prosecutors, courts, probation, schools, corrections, social and/or family services, aftercare, and other community organizations. It can be initiated by any one of these groups, but usually law enforcement, prosecutors or the courts. This program is directed at the serious habitual offender and is a very small proportion of the juvenile population. Local statistics must verify the need proportional to the number of serious habitual offenders in the jurisdiction.
9. **Teen Court** - Voluntary community-based program directed toward juvenile misdemeanor offenders and is designed to provide an alternative to the formal court process.
10. **Truancy Programs** - Offers services to truants at an early age; programs can include truancy workers, liaison officers, law enforcement activity, truancy service centers, and alternative school settings.
11. **Violence Prevention Program** - Youth are taught how to avoid and deal with violent

situations. Program can be operated in detention centers and schools.

12. **Training** - To provide for the training of juvenile justice professionals.

Each project approved for funding must submit a quarterly progress report on the performance measures to LCLE. An annual performance report is submitted to OJJDP on each project's performance for the prior federal fiscal year (October – September). This report is due on December 31st of each calendar year. This report specifically describes the progress made, the effectiveness of the program, its activities, and status of compliance with the State Plan. The OJJDP uses this information to supply Congress with accurate and complete data regarding program effectiveness to justify continued funding to the states.

FUTURE DIRECTION FOR JJDP PROJECTS

Under the recommendations of OJJDP, the JJDP Advisory Board adopted a Step-Down Policy for the JJDP Formula Grant Program on April 6, 2004. The policy received final approval from the Commission at the meeting held on April 7, 2004.

This Step-Down Policy takes effect with the FY 2004 funding. All awards are contingent upon availability of funds. The Step-Down Policy is as follows:

Year 1 (FY 2004)	100%
Year 2 (FY 2005)	100%
Year 3 (FY 2006)	25% Reduction on Year 1 award
Year 4 (FY 2007)	50% Reduction on Year 1 award
Year 5 (FY 2008)	75% Reduction on Year 1 award, <u>Final year of eligibility</u>

Requirements for Applications:

1. Year 1 – A sustainability plan must be included in application. Plan must provide partners/agencies that would assume financial responsibility, identifying specific parts of the project covered by other sources. Following years – applicants not reaching sustainability plans may be reduced at greater amounts than outlined in the policy.
2. Years 2, 3, 4, and 5: Applicants will be evaluated for proper management of the previous year's grant. Applicants will be required to demonstrate the ability to maintain the operation, service delivery and project accomplishments equal to that proposed in the first year of the grant.
3. Subgrants supporting state activity required by the JJDP Act will be exempt from the Step-Down Policy.

The LCLE and the JJDP Advisory Board will continue to fund programs determined to be priorities after examination of problem areas within the state. It is our commitment that Louisiana will remain in compliance with the four core requirements of the JJDP Act, and therefore, continue to receive federal funds for juvenile justice and delinquency prevention efforts.

TITLE V - COMMUNITY PREVENTION GRANTS PROGRAMS FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2003

The Title V program is the only Federal-funding source solely dedicated to delinquency prevention efforts, which are initiated by a community-based planning process that focuses on the reduction of risks and enhancement of protective factors that prevent youth from entering the juvenile justice system. Funds can only be used for at-risk juveniles to “prevent” them from entering the juvenile justice system or “early intervention” programs for juveniles with first-time and non-serious offenses to keep them out of the juvenile justice system.

Because careful, systematic, strategic planning increases the efficacy of prevention efforts and reduces service duplication, Title V requires the formation of a multidisciplinary community Prevention Policy Board comprised of 15 to 21 members. This board must demonstrate the ability to develop data-driven prevention plans, employ evidence-based prevention strategies, and conduct evaluations to determine program impact and effectiveness.

Units of local government are eligible recipients who must obtain the JJDP Advisory Board’s certification of compliance with the JJDP Act core requirements. Fifty- percent (50%) matching funds (cash or in-kind) is required by the recipient unit of local government, encouraging communities to collaborate, develop resources, share information, and to secure additional funding to sustain their long-term delinquency prevention efforts. Each awarded program may be funded in 12-month increments for up to three years.

Each project approved for funding must submit a quarterly progress report on the performance measures to LCLE. An annual performance report is submitted to OJJDP on each project’s performance for the prior federal fiscal year (October – September). This report is due on November 30th of each calendar year. This report specifically describes the progress made, the effectiveness of the program, its activities, and status of compliance with the State Plan. The OJJDP uses this information to supply Congress with accurate and complete data regarding program effectiveness to justify continued funding to the states.

Funding to states is on the relative number of juveniles below the age of criminal responsibility. Louisiana, along with the other 49 states and territories, did not receive an award from OJJDP for FY 2003 Title V funding. This was due to Congressional budget cuts and earmarks.

**TITLE II PART E
STATE CHALLENGE ACTIVITIES
FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2002**

The State Challenge Activities Program provides funds to states that participate in the Formula Grant Program. These funds are used to bring about systems changes by developing, adopting, or improving policies and programs in one or more of the ten specified activity areas. Eligible sub-recipients are public and private non-profit agencies.

Sub-recipients must report their project's performance quarterly to LCLE. LCLE is required to submit semi-annual (due January 31 and July 31) and a final Categorical Assistance Progress report on each project.

The 2002 federal award was for \$128,000. Louisiana has three years in which to allocate and expend these funds. This award was issued to two programs, which can be seen in the attached District 8 - Statewide table.

1. **Alternatives to School Suspension and Expulsion** - Developing and adopting policies and programs designed to serve as alternatives to suspension and expulsion.
2. **Aftercare Services** - Increasing aftercare services for juveniles in the justice system by establishing programs and developing and adopting policies to provide comprehensive health, mental health, education, family, and vocational services to youth upon release from the juvenile justice system.

**JUVENILE ACCOUNTABILITY BLOCK
GRANT PROGRAM
FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2002**

This program was created under the provisions of the 1998 Commerce, Justice and State Appropriations Act, but it is based on provisions contained in Title III of H.R. 3, the Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grants Act of 1997. On November 2002, the 21st Century Department of Justice Appropriations Authorization Act (DOJ reauthorization) (Public Law 107-273) was signed into law. This renamed the program to Juvenile Accountability Block Grants (JABG) Program and placed it under Title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act.

The JABG Program awards grants to States to address the growing problem of juvenile crime by encouraging accountability-based reforms at State and local levels. Funds are allocated to states by a Federal formula based on UCR reported juvenile crime, local law enforcement budgets, and juvenile population. States are required to pass through a majority of the funding (75 percent) to eligible units of local government. The Federal share for an approved project cannot exceed 90 percent of total project cost. The State or local recipient of a JABG award must contribute a 10% cash match of the total program cost. (In the case of construction of permanent juvenile corrections facilities, the cash match is 50 percent of the total program cost.)

All subgrantees must establish coordinated enforcement plans for reducing juvenile crime. The Juvenile Crime Enforcement Coalition develops these local plans. This group consists of individuals who work with local area juveniles in a variety of situations, and decide how best to spend JABG funds in their communities. Principal members of these local coalitions represent the police, department, sheriff's office, school board, juvenile court, juvenile probation and the district attorney.

Units of local government that otherwise qualify for an award can waive their right to a direct award and designate a larger governmental unit (within which it is located) or a regional planning unit (which plans for and administers JABG funds on behalf of two or more local governments) to receive and administer the JABG award on its behalf.

This program is not passed through to the local law enforcement planning councils as the other programs. The LCLE is responsible for the development of procedures by which units of local government (and state agencies) may apply for JABG funds. Application is made directly to the LCLE.

The federal award for fiscal year 2002 was \$3,398,036 Louisiana has three years in which to allocate and expend these funds. The FY 2002 awards issued to local and statewide programs can be seen in

the attached tables. Approximately 58 local units of government and two governmental agencies received funds to serve the juvenile community.

Ten of the sixteen purpose areas have been funded with FY 2002 funds:

1. **Construct Detention/Correction Facilities** - Building, expanding, renovating, or operating juvenile correction or detention facilities (either temporary or permanent), including training of correctional personnel.
2. **Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions** - Developing and administering accountability-based sanctions for juvenile offenders.
3. **Develop Juvenile Drug Courts** – Establishing drug court programs to provide continuing judicial supervision over juvenile offenders with substance abuse problems and to integrate administration of other sanctions and services for such offenders
4. **Develop Juvenile Gun Court** - The establishment of court-based juvenile justice programs that target youth firearms offenders through the establishment of juvenile gun courts for the adjudication and prosecution of juvenile firearms offenders.
5. **Establish Information Sharing Systems** - Establishing and maintaining interagency information-sharing programs that enable the juvenile and criminal justice system, schools, and social services agencies to make more informed decisions regarding the early identification, control, supervision, and treatment of juveniles who repeatedly commit serious delinquent or criminal acts.
6. **Implement Controlled Substance Testing** - Implementing a policy of controlled substance testing for appropriate categories of juveniles within the juvenile justice system.
7. **Judges, Probation Officers or Defenders** - Hiring additional juvenile judges, probation officers, and court-appointed defenders, and funding pre-trial services for juveniles, to ensure the smooth and expeditious administration of the juvenile justice system.
8. **Juvenile Prosecutors** - Hiring additional prosecutors, so that more cases involving violent juvenile offenders can be prosecuted and backlogs reduced.
9. **Probation Program To Reduce Recidivism** - Providing funding to enable juvenile courts and juvenile probation offices to be more effective and efficient in holding juvenile offenders accountable and reducing recidivism.
10. **Protect Students/School From Violence** - Establishing and maintaining accountability-based programs that work with juvenile offenders who are referred by law enforcement agencies, or which are designed, in cooperation with law enforcement officials, to protect students and school personnel from drug, gang, and youth violence.

Each project approved for funding must submit a quarterly progress report on the performance

measures to LCLE. An annual performance report is submitted to OJJDP on each project's performance for the prior federal fiscal year (October – September). This report is due on June 30th. This report specifically describes the progress made, the effectiveness of the program, its activities, and status of compliance with the State Plan. The OJJDP uses this information to supply Congress with accurate and complete data regarding program effectiveness to justify continued funding to the states.

FEDERAL-FUNDED PROGRAMS

TABLES

DISTRICT 1 - NORTHWEST LAW ENFORCEMENT PLANNING DISTRICT

Parishes: Bienville, Bossier, Caddo, Claiborne, DeSoto, Lincoln, Natchitoches, Red River, Sabine, Webster

FY 2003 - TITLE II – JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Estimated # Juveniles
26 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Teen Court	\$18,796	Bossier	250
26 th Judicial District Court	Juvenile Community Service Program	\$10,496	Bossier, Webster	127
Bienville Parish Sheriff's Department	School Resource Officers Program	\$17,149	Bienville	100
Boys & Girls Club of Natchitoches	Mentoring Program	\$5,322	Natchitoches	40
Caddo Parish Juvenile Court	Teen Court	\$8,368	Caddo	200
LA United Methodist Children & Family Services	Family Strengthening Program	\$12,086	Bossier, Caddo, Webster	48
Rutherford House	Violence Prevention Program	\$7,314	Caddo, Bossier	50
Volunteers for Youth Justice	Violence Prevention Program	\$15,000	Caddo	200

FY 2002 – JABG

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Estimated # Juvenile
2 nd Judicial District Attorney's Office	Juvenile Prosecutors	\$32,717	Bienville, Claiborne, Jackson	300
11 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$50,546	DeSoto, Sabine	5,374
26 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Develop Juvenile Drug Courts	\$44,038	Bossier, Webster	325
Bossier Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$50,000	Bossier	90
Caddo Parish Commission	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$149,614	Caddo	1,882
DeSoto Parish Sheriff's Department	Probation Program To Reduce Recidivism	\$25,474	DeSoto	100
Natchitoches Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$17,314	Natchitoches	100

DISTRICT 2 - NORTH DELTA LAW ENFORCEMENT PLANNING DISTRICT

Parishes: Caldwell, East Carroll, Franklin, Jackson, Madison, Morehouse, Ouachita, Richland, Tensas, Union, West Carroll

FY 2003 - TITLE II – JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Estimated # Juveniles
Monroe City Court	Family Strengthening Program	\$6,800	Monroe, City of (Ouachita)	150
Our House	Peer Counseling	\$18,044	Caldwell, East Carroll, Franklin, Jackson, Madison, Morehouse, Ouachita, Richland, Tensas, Union, West Carroll	5,000
West Monroe, City of	Report/Resource Center	\$16,945	West Monroe, West Ouachita	150
Youth Services of Northeast Louisiana, Inc.	Teen Court	\$9,940	Ouachita	130

FY 2002 – JABG

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Estimated # Juveniles
2 nd Judicial District Attorney's Office	Juvenile Prosecutors	\$32,717	Bienville, Claiborne, Jackson	300
3 rd Judicial District Attorney's Office	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$58,825	Lincoln, Union	350
4 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Probation Program To Reduce Recidivism	\$84,287	Morehouse, Ouachita	426
4 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$18,459	Morehouse, Ouachita	140
6 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Construct Detention/Correction Facility	\$4,500	East Carroll, Madison, Tensas	20
Franklin Parish Sheriff's Department	Protect Students/School From Violence	\$26,682	Franklin	3,877
Tensas Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$7,191	Tensas	300

DISTRICT 3 - RED RIVER DELTA ENFORCEMENT PLANNING COUNCIL, INC.

Parishes: Avoyelles, Catahoula, Concordia, Grant, LaSalle, Rapides, Vernon, Winn

FY 2003 - TITLE II – JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Estimated # Juveniles
Boys & Girls Clubs of Central Louisiana, Inc.	Mentoring Program	\$7,345	Rapides	30
Boys & Girls Clubs of Central Louisiana, Inc.	Juvenile Community Service Program	\$13,014	Rapides	60
Community Receiving Home, Inc.	Family Strengthening Program	\$10,608	Rapides	100
Dynamic Youth, Inc.	Teen Court	\$5,579	Vernon	60
Grant Parish Sheriff's Department	Violence Prevention Program	\$2,790	Grant	200
Leesville, City of	Holdover Shelter Program	\$4,651	Vernon	15

FY 2002 – JABG

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Estimated # Juveniles
8 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Protect Students/Schools From Violence	\$9,225	Winn	3,075
9 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Probation Program To Reduce Recidivism	\$22,500	Rapides	3,800
12 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Juvenile Prosecutors	\$26,430	Avoyelles	300
28 th Judicial District Court	Construct Detention/Correction Facility	\$43,143	LaSalle	32
Concordia Parish Sheriff's Department	Probation Program To Reduce Recidivism	\$7,191	Concordia	60
Rapides Parish Police Jury	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$56,582	Rapides	830

DISTRICT 4 - EVANGELINE LAW ENFORCEMENT COUNCIL, INC.

Parishes: Acadia, Evangeline, Iberia, Lafayette, St. Landry, St. Martin, St. Mary, Vermilion

FY 2003 - TITLE II – JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Estimated # Juveniles
Big Brothers/Big Sisters of Acadiana	Mentoring Program	\$8,609	Lafayette	23
Big Brothers/Big Sisters of Acadiana	Mentoring Program	\$5,601	St. Landry	12
Boys & Girls Clubs of Acadiana	Violence Prevention Program	\$5,601	Iberia	70
Boys & Girls Clubs of Acadiana	Violence Prevention Program	\$8,609	Lafayette, Vermilion	150
Lafayette Parish Sheriff's Department	Report/Resource Center	\$5,601	Lafayette	16
Lafayette Teen Court	Family Strengthening Program	\$22,190	Acadia, Lafayette, Vermilion	300
Morgan City, City of	Family Strengthening Program	\$5,601	Morgan City & 6 th Ward (St. Mary)	20
St. Martin Parish Sheriff's Department	Violence Prevention Program	\$8,609	St. Martin	30

FY 2002 – JABG

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Estimated # Juveniles
13 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$34,892	Evangeline	106
15 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$116,666	Acadia, Lafayette, Vermilion	300
16 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Protect Students/Schools From Violence	\$66,454	Iberia, St. Martin, St. Mary	19,155
27 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Judges, Probation Officers Or Defenders	\$25,573	St. Landry	200
Acadia Parish Sheriff's Department	Protect Students/Schools From Violence	\$15,087	Acadia	1,300
Iberia Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$31,579	Iberia	14,612
Morgan City, City of	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$20,570	Morgan City (St. Mary)	150
New Iberia, City of	Probation Program To Reduce Recidivism	\$8,585	New Iberia	240
St. Mary Parish Government	Develop Juvenile Drug Courts	\$57,001	St. Mary	300

DISTRICT 5 - CAPITAL DISTRICT LAW ENFORCEMENT PLANNING COUNCIL, INC.

Parishes: Ascension, East Baton Rouge, East Feliciana, Iberville, Livingston, Pointe Coupee, St. Helena, Tangipahoa, Washington, West Feliciana, West Baton Rouge

FY 2003 - TITLE II – JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Estimated # Juveniles
21 st Judicial District Attorney's Office	Juvenile Community Service Program	\$11,216	Livingston, St. Helena, Tangipahoa	120
22 nd Judicial District Attorney's Office	Juvenile Community Service Program	\$13,147	Washington	150
23 rd Judicial District Court	Family Strengthening Program	\$5,543	Donaldsonville (Ascension)	50
East Baton Rouge Juvenile Court	Mentoring Program	\$12,179	East Baton Rouge	50
Pointe Coupee Parish Sheriff's Department	Family Strengthening Program	\$21,586	Pointe Coupee	15
Sunrise Human Development Agency, Inc.	Family Strengthening Program	\$11,596	Ascension	120
Tangipahoa Parish Sheriff's Department	Violence Prevention Program	\$9,647	Tangipahoa	25
Tangipahoa Parish Sheriff's Department	Home Detention Program	\$9,647	Tangipahoa	80
Walker, Town of	School Resource Officer Program	\$9,096	Walker (Livingston)	1,800
Washington Parish Sheriff's Department	Home Detention Program	\$968	Washington, excluding Bogalusa	75

FY 2002 – JABG

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Estimated # Juveniles
21 st Judicial District Attorney's Office	Probation Program To Reduce Recidivism	\$19,340	Livingston, St. Helena, Tangipahoa	120
23 rd Judicial District Attorney's Office	Probation Program To Reduce Recidivism	\$37,148	Ascension, Assumption, St. James	100
Baton Rouge, City of	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$286,899	Baton Rouge (East Baton Rouge)	600
Hammond, City of	Judges, Probation Officers or Defenders	\$15,864	Hammond (Tangipahoa)	300
Livingston Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$9,587	Livingston	50
Plaquemine, City of	Judges, Probation Officers or Defenders	\$19,702	Plaquemine (Iberville)	200
Pointe Coupee Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$10,348	Pointe Coupee	36
St. Helena Parish Sheriff's Department	Probation Program To Reduce Recidivism	\$7,191	St. Helena	600
Tangipahoa Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$9,586	Tangipahoa	120
Washington Parish Sheriff's Department	Implement Controlled Substance Testing	\$16,489	Washington	325
West Baton Rouge Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$9,238	West Baton Rouge	50
West Feliciana Parish Sheriff's Department	Probation Program To Reduce Recidivism	\$60,000	West Feliciana	55

DISTRICT 6 - SOUTHWEST DISTRICT LAW ENFORCEMENT PLANNING COUNCIL, INC.

Parishes: Allen, Beauregard, Calcasieu, Cameron, Jefferson Davis

FY 2003 - TITLE II – JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Estimated # Juveniles
Calcasieu Parish Police Jury, Office of Juvenile Justice Services	Delinquency Prevention Program	\$20,419	Calcasieu	80
Calcasieu Parish Police Jury, Office of Juvenile Justice Services	Mental Health Services	\$20,419	Calcasieu	50
Campfire Council of Southwest Louisiana	Violence Prevention Program	\$6,883	Allen, Beauregard, Calcasieu, Cameron, Jefferson Davis	1,897
Safety Council of Southwest Louisiana	Juvenile Community Service Program	\$20,419	Calcasieu	125

FY 2002 – JABG

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Estimated # Juveniles
Calcasieu Parish Police Jury, Office of Juvenile Justice Services	Construct Detention/Correction Facility	\$76,625	Calcasieu	950
Cameron Parish Police Jury	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$9,587	Cameron	120
Jennings, City of	Protect Students/Schools From Violence	\$26,838	Jennings (Jefferson Davis)	187

**DISTRICT 7 – JEFFERSON PARISH /
METROPOLITAN LAW ENFORCEMENT PLANNING & ACTION COMMISSION, INC.**

Parishes: Assumption, Jefferson, Lafourche, Plaquemines, St. Bernard, St. Charles, St. James, St. John the Baptist, St. Tammany, Terrebonne

FY 2003 - TITLE II – JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Estimated # Juveniles
25 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Violence Prevention Program	\$13,900	Plaquemines	450
Catholic Charities Archdiocese of New Orleans	Report/Resource Center	\$9,964	Garyville (St. John)	30
Jean Lafitte, Town of	Mentoring Program	\$5,007	Lafitte, Barataria, Crown Point (Jefferson)	15
Jefferson Coalition for Alternative Schools	Mentoring Program	\$23,201	Jefferson – Eastbank	100
Jefferson Parish Council	Report/Resource Center	\$4,498	Jefferson	220
Jefferson Parish Sheriff's Department	SHOCAP	\$23,945	Jefferson	5,560
St. Bernard Parish Sheriff's Office	School Resource Officers Program	\$13,900	St. Bernard	1,882
YWCA of Greater New Orleans	Violence Prevention Program	\$11,542	St. Tammany	400

FY 2002 – JABG

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Estimated # Juveniles
23 rd Judicial District Attorney's Office	Probation Program To Reduce Recidivism	\$37,148	Ascension, Assumption, St. James	100
25 th Judicial District Attorney's Office	Judges, Probation Officers or Defenders	\$21,622	Plaquemines	200
Assumption Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$21,582	Assumption	5,000
Jefferson Parish Council	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$273,723	Jefferson	2,000
Lafourche Parish Sheriff's Department	Establish Information Sharing Systems	\$32,049	Lafourche	2000
St. Bernard Parish Sheriff's Department	Construct Detention/Correction Facility	\$12,251	St. Bernard	617
St. Charles Parish Council	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$74,459	St. Charles	400
St. James Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$10,226	St. James	40
St. John the Baptist Parish Council	Construct Detention/Correction Facility	\$19,120	St. John the Baptist	50
St. Tammany Parish Sheriff's Department	Develop Juvenile Drug Courts	\$44,631	St. Tammany	60
Slidell, City of	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$13,677	Slidell (St. Tammany)	60
Terrebonne Parish Sheriff's Department	Protect Students/Schools From Violence	\$39,304	Terrebonne	3,587

DISTRICT 9 - CITY OF NEW ORLEANS

Parishes: Orleans

FY 2003 - TITLE II – JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Estimated # Juveniles
Orleans Parish Juvenile Court	Report/Resource Center	\$51,718	Orleans	65
City of New Orleans	Home Detention Program	\$78,325	Orleans	258

FY 2002 – JABG

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Estimated # Juveniles
New Orleans, City of	Develop Accountability-Based Sanctions	\$47,500	Orleans	200
Orleans Parish Criminal Sheriff's Department	Construct Detention Correction Facility	\$161,230	Orleans	106
Orleans Parish District Attorney's Office	Develop Juvenile Gun Courts	\$169,501	Orleans	100
Orleans Parish District Attorney's Office	Juvenile Prosecutors	\$161,230	Orleans	200

DISTRICT 8 – STATEWIDE

FY 2003 - TITLE II – JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Estimated # Juveniles
Louisiana Department of Public Safety & Corrections	Institutional Parenting	\$40,000	Statewide	80

FY 2002 – CHALLENGE

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Estimated # Juveniles
Louisiana Department of Public Safety & Corrections	Aftercare Program	\$64,000	Statewide	50
Jefferson Parish Sheriff's Department	Truancy Assessment Service Center	\$64,000	Jefferson	1,423

FY 2002 – JABG

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Area Served	Estimated # Juveniles
Louisiana Department of Justice	Protect Students/Schools From Violence	\$141,500	Statewide	736,495
Louisiana Department of Public Safety & Corrections	Construct Detention/Corrections Facility	\$317,631	Statewide	1,600

DISTRICT 8 – STATEWIDE CONTINUED

The funding for the following programs are either mandated by the JJDP Act or used to improve the State’s juvenile justice system.

FY 2003 - TITLE II – JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

Subgrantee	Program	Funding Amount	Program Description
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement	JJDP Advisory Board Support	\$30,000	Section 222(d) of the JJDP Act requires all States allocate 5 per centum of the minimum annual allotment to be available to assist the advisory group established under Section 223(a)(3) of the JJDP Act. The funding allows the advisory board members with the means to carry out the goals of the board.
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement	Compliance Monitor	\$55,000	Fund one full time Compliance Monitor to work with the state advisory board, program directors, and staff in developing and implementing programs on a comprehensive statewide basis to effectuate the mandates of the JJDP Act and Act 58. The goals will continue to significantly reduce the number of juveniles held in jails and lockups.
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement	Data Collection/System Upgrade	\$50,633	Data Collection/System Upgrade - Project will ensure Louisiana’s compliance with Section 223(1)(15) of the JJDP Act, as amended, which mandates an adequate system of monitoring jails, detention facilities, and correctional facilities... And to ensure compliance with Section 223(a)(8)(A)(i) of the JJDP Act which calls for an evaluation/analysis of juvenile crime within the state.
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement	Juvenile Officer’s Training	\$16,000	Allows a juvenile officer to attend Juvenile Officers Training school, which offers specialized instruction in phases of law enforcement concerned with youth crime and delinquency, including prevention, control, enforcement and rehabilitation, including alternatives to incarceration.
14 th Judicial District Attorney’s Office	School Resource Officers (SRO) Training	\$35,000	In-state training for Louisiana POST certified law enforcement officers to work in local schools throughout the state as School Resource Officers (SRO’s). Two sessions conducted by certified National Association of School Resource Officers trainers for 40 beginners and 30 qualified intermediate levels.
14 th Judicial District Attorney’s Office	Governor’ Conference	\$35,000	Funds the Annual Governor’s Conference on Juvenile Justice. Emphasis focuses on providing information, resources, and training to approximately 500 individuals in the state’s juvenile justice system. Some workshops, not limited to, address the problems, the appropriate placement and/or delivery of services to the violent, emotionally disturbed, mentally ill and/or serious offenders with special emphasis on the removal of juveniles from jail.

This public document was published at a total cost of \$565.24. Two hundred fifty (250) copies of this public document were published in this first printing at a cost of \$565.24. The total cost of all printings of this document, including reprints is \$565.24. This document was published for the LA Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice by the Division of Administration, State Printing Office to inform the Governor and the Legislature of the State's progress toward the core requirements of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act 42 USC. 5633 Section 223 (a)(3)(D)(ii). This document was supported by funding awarded by the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, Office of Justice Programs, which is administered by the LA Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice. This material was printed in accordance with the standards for printing by state agencies established pursuant to R.S. 43:31.